



State of Ohio  
**Public Works Commission**  
*Application for Financial Assistance*

**IMPORTANT:** Please consult "Instructions for Financial Assistance for Capital Infrastructure Projects" for guidance in completion of this form.

**Applicant**

Applicant: City of Clyde Subdivision Code: 143-16308  
 District Number: 5 County: Sandusky Date: 09/10/2020  
 Contact: Paul Fiser, City Manager Phone: (419) 547-6898  
(The individual who will be available during business hours and who can best answer or coordinate the response to questions)  
 Email: pfiser@clydeohio.org FAX: \_\_\_\_\_

**Project**

Project Name: Clyde Raw Water Intake Zip Code: 43410

Subdivision Type	Project Type	Funding Request Summary
<small>(Select one)</small>	<small>(Select single largest component by \$)</small>	<small>(Automatically populates from page 2)</small>
<input type="checkbox"/> 1. County	<input type="checkbox"/> 1. Road	Total Project Cost: <u>1,770,000</u> .00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2. City	<input type="checkbox"/> 2. Bridge/Culvert	1. Grant: <u>325,000</u> .00
<input type="checkbox"/> 3. Township	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3. Water Supply	2. Loan: <u>162,500</u> .00
<input type="checkbox"/> 4. Village	<input type="checkbox"/> 4. Wastewater	3. Loan Assistance/ Credit Enhancement: <u>0</u> .00
<input type="checkbox"/> 5. Water (6119 Water District)	<input type="checkbox"/> 5. Solid Waste	Funding Requested: <u>487,500</u> .00
	<input type="checkbox"/> 6. Stormwater	

**District Recommendation** (To be completed by the District Committee)

Funding Type Requested	SCIP Loan - Rate: _____ % Term: _____ Yrs	Amount: _____ .00
<small>(Select one)</small>		
<input type="checkbox"/> State Capital Improvement Program	RLP Loan - Rate: _____ % Term: _____ Yrs	Amount: _____ .00
<input type="checkbox"/> Local Transportation Improvement Program	Grant:	Amount: _____ .00
<input type="checkbox"/> Revolving Loan Program	LTIP:	Amount: _____ .00
<input type="checkbox"/> Small Government Program	Loan Assistance / Credit Enhancement:	Amount: _____ .00
District SG Priority: _____		

**For OPWC Use Only**

STATUS _____	Grant Amount: _____ .00	Loan Type: <input type="checkbox"/> SCIP <input type="checkbox"/> RLP
Project Number: _____	Loan Amount: _____ .00	Date Construction End: _____
	Total Funding: _____ .00	Date Maturity: _____
Release Date: _____	Local Participation: _____ %	Rate: _____ %
OPWC Approval: _____	OPWC Participation: _____ %	Term: _____ Yrs

1.0 Project Financial Information (All Costs Rounded to Nearest Dollar)

1.1 Project Estimated Costs

Engineering Services

Preliminary Design:	<u>10,000</u>	.00	
Final Design:	<u>64,000</u>	.00	
Construction Administration:	<u>106,000</u>	.00	
Total Engineering Services:	a.) <u>180,000</u>	.00	<u>12</u> %
Right of Way:	b.) _____	.00	
Construction:	c.) <u>1,450,000</u>	.00	
Materials Purchased Directly:	d.) _____	.00	
Permits, Advertising, Legal:	e.) _____	.00	
Construction Contingencies:	f.) <u>140,000</u>	.00	<u>10</u> %
Total Estimated Costs:	g.) <u>1,770,000</u>	.00	

1.2 Project Financial Resources

Local Resources

Local In-Kind or Force Account:	a.) _____	.00	
Local Revenues:	b.) <u>1,282,500</u>	.00	
Other Public Revenues:	c.) _____	.00	
ODOT / FHWA PID: _____	d.) _____	.00	
USDA Rural Development:	e.) _____	.00	
OEPA / OWDA:	f.) _____	.00	
CDBG:	g.) _____	.00	
<input type="checkbox"/> County Entitlement or Community Dev. "Formula"			
<input type="checkbox"/> Department of Development			
Other: _____	h.) _____	.00	
Subtotal Local Resources:	i.) <u>1,282,500</u>	.00	<u>72</u> %

OPWC Funds (Check all requested and enter Amount)

Grant: <u>67</u> % of OPWC Funds	j.) <u>325,000</u>	.00	
Loan: <u>33</u> % of OPWC Funds	k.) <u>162,500</u>	.00	
Loan Assistance / Credit Enhancement:	l.) <u>0</u>	.00	
Subtotal OPWC Funds:	m.) <u>487,500</u>	.00	<u>28</u> %
Total Financial Resources:	n.) <u>1,770,000</u>	.00	<u>100</u> %

### 1.3 Availability of Local Funds

Attach a statement signed by the Chief Financial Officer listed in section 5.2 certifying all local resources required for the project will be available on or before the earliest date listed in the Project Schedule section. The OPWC Agreement will not be released until the local resources are certified. Failure to meet local share may result in termination of the project. Applicant needs to provide written confirmation for funds coming from other funding sources.

### 2.0 Repair / Replacement or New / Expansion

2.1 Total Portion of Project Repair / Replacement:	<u>885,000</u> .00	<u>50</u> %	A Farmland Preservation letter is required for any impact to farmland
2.2 Total Portion of Project New / Expansion:	<u>885,000</u> .00	<u>50</u> %	
2.3 Total Project:	<u>1,770,000</u> .00	<u>100</u> %	

### 3.0 Project Schedule

3.1 Engineering / Design / Right of Way	Begin Date: <u>01/10/2019</u>	End Date: <u>06/01/2020</u>
3.2 Bid Advertisement and Award	Begin Date: <u>06/01/2021</u>	End Date: <u>07/01/2021</u>
3.3 Construction	Begin Date: <u>07/01/2021</u>	End Date: <u>07/01/2022</u>

Construction cannot begin prior to release of executed Project Agreement and issuance of Notice to Proceed.

Failure to meet project schedule may result in termination of agreement for approved projects. Modification of dates must be requested in writing by project official of record and approved by the Commission once the Project Agreement has been executed.

### 4.0 Project Information

If the project is multi-jurisdictional, information must be consolidated in this section.

#### 4.1 Useful Life / Cost Estimate / Age of Infrastructure

Project Useful Life: 30 Years      Age: 1970 (Year built or year of last major improvement)

*Attach Registered Professional Engineer's statement, with seal or stamp and signature confirming the project's useful life indicated above and detailed cost estimate.*

#### 4.2 User Information

Road or Bridge:      Current ADT \_\_\_\_\_ Year \_\_\_\_\_      Projected ADT \_\_\_\_\_ Year \_\_\_\_\_

Water / Wastewater: Based on monthly usage of 4,500 gallons per household; attach current ordinances.

Residential Water Rate      Current \$ 43.11      Proposed \$ 61.81 (2022)

Number of households served: 2,940

Residential Wastewater Rate      Current \$ \_\_\_\_\_      Proposed \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Number of households served: \_\_\_\_\_

Stormwater: Number of households served: \_\_\_\_\_

### 4.3 Project Description

- A: SPECIFIC LOCATION (Supply a written location description that includes the project termini; a map does not replace this requirement.) 500 character limit.

The project location starts at/in the Sandusky River adjacent to County Road 51. The project will end approximately 250 feet east of the Sandusky River.

- B: PROJECT COMPONENTS (Describe the specific work to be completed; the engineer's estimate does not replace this requirement) 1,000 character limit.

The proposed project will consist of constructing a raw water intake at the Sandusky River. A pumping station will also be constructed in order to pump water east in a force main to the existing Beaver Creek reservoir. This will provide a replacement "source" of raw water at the existing Beaver Creek reservoir.

Note that the force main will be constructed under a separate project.

- C: PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (Describe the physical dimensions of the existing facility and the proposed facility. Include length, width, quantity and sizes, mgd capacity, etc in detail.) 500 character limit.

Project components will include a 26' x 25' pump station building, two raw water intake pumps, 10' diameter pump station well, pump control panel, air compressor, 225' of 24" diameter raw water intake line, and 250' access road.

## 5.0 Project Officials

Changes in Project Officials must be submitted in writing from an officer of record.

### 5.1 Chief Executive Officer (Person authorized in legislation to sign project agreements)

Name: Paul Fiser  
Title: City Manager  
Address: 222 North Main Street  
  
City: Clyde State: OH Zip: 43410  
Phone: (419) 547-6898  
FAX:   
E-Mail: pfiser@clydeohio.org

### 5.2 Chief Financial Officer (Can not also serve as CEO)

Name: Craig R. Davis  
Title: Chief Finance Director  
Address: 222 North Main Street  
  
City: Clyde State: OH Zip: 43410  
Phone: (419) 547-0575  
FAX: (419) 547-6626  
E-Mail: cdavis@clydeohio.org

### 5.3 Project Manager

Name: Robert Jurs  
Title: Principal  
Address: 35585 Curtis Blvd., Unit C  
  
City: Eastlake State: OH Zip: 44095  
Phone: (440) 953-1567  
FAX:   
E-Mail: RJurs@LJBinc.com

## 6.0 Attachments / Completeness review

Confirm in the boxes below that each item listed is attached (Check each box)

- A certified copy of the legislation by the governing body of the applicant authorizing a designated official to sign and submit this application and execute contracts. This individual should sign under 7.0, Applicant Certification, below.
- A certification signed by the applicant's chief financial officer stating the amount of all local share funds required for the project will be available on or before the dates listed in the Project Schedule section. If the application involves a request for loan (RLP or SCIP), a certification signed by the CFO which identifies a specific revenue source for repaying the loan also must be attached. Both certifications can be accomplished in the same letter.
- A registered professional engineer's detailed cost estimate and useful life statement, as required in 164-1-13, 164-1-14, and 164-1-16 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Estimates shall contain an engineer's seal or stamp and signature.
- A cooperative agreement (if the project involves more than one subdivision or district) which identifies the fiscal and administrative responsibilities of each participant.
- Farmland Preservation Review - The Governor's Executive Order 98-IV, "Ohio Farmland Protection Policy" requires the Commission to establish guidelines on how it will take protection of productive agricultural and grazing land into account in its funding decision making process. Please include a Farm Land Preservation statement for projects that have an impact on farmland.
- Capital Improvements Report. CIR Required by O.R.C. Chapter 164.06 on standard form.
- Supporting Documentation: Materials such as additional project description, photographs, economic impact (temporary and/or full time jobs likely to be created as a result of the project), accident reports, impact on school zones, and other information to assist your district committee in ranking your project. Be sure to include supplements which may be required by your local District Public Works Integrating Committee.

## 7.0 Applicant Certification

The undersigned certifies: (1) he/she is legally authorized to request and accept financial assistance from the Ohio Public Works Commission as identified in the attached legislation; (2) to the best of his/her knowledge and belief, all representations that are part of this application are true and correct; (3) all official documents and commitments of the applicant that are part of this application have been duly authorized by the governing body of the applicant; and, (4) should the requested financial assistance be provided, that in the execution of this project, the applicant will comply with all assurances required by Ohio Law, including those involving Buy Ohio and prevailing wages.

**Applicant certifies that physical construction on the project as defined in the application has NOT begun, and will not begin until a Project Agreement for this project has been executed with the Ohio Public Works Commission. Action to the contrary will result in termination of the agreement and withdrawal of Ohio Public Works Commission funding from the project.**

Paul Fiserz, City Manager

Certifying Representative (Printed form, Type or Print Name and Title)

Paul Fiserz 9-10-2020

Original Signature / Date Signed

RESOLUTION NO. 2020-42

A RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE CITY MANAGER TO PREPARE AND SUBMIT AN APPLICATION TO PARTICIPATE IN THE OHIO PUBLIC WORKS COMMISSION STATE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT AND/OR LOCAL TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM(S) AND TO EXECUTE CONTRACTS AS REQUIRED.

WHEREAS, the State Capital Improvement Program and the Local Transportation Improvement Program both provide financial assistance to political subdivisions for capital improvements to public infrastructure, and

WHEREAS, the infrastructure improvement herein above described is planning to make capital improvements to the following projects known as the Year 2021 –

1. CLYDE PAVING REPLACEMENT
2. MULBERRY STREET BRIDGE REPLACEMENT
3. WOODLAND AVENUE/MAPLE STREET SANITARY SEWER
4. CLYDE RAW WATER INTAKE
5. CLYDE WATER FORCE MAIN, and

WHEREAS, the infrastructure improvement herein above described is considered to be a priority need for the community and is a qualified project under the OPWC programs.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Council of the City of Clyde, Ohio:

SECTION 1. The City Manager is hereby authorized to apply to the OPWC for funds as described above.

SECTION 2. The City Manager is further authorized to enter into any agreements as may be necessary and appropriate for obtaining this financial assistance, provided that any agreements requiring financial participation by the City shall first require additional approval legislation by this Council.

SECTION 3. That this Resolution shall go into effect on and after the earliest period allowed by law.

PASSED: 9-1-2020

ATTEST: Janet R. Dickman  
Clerk of Council

G. Scott Black  
G. Scott Black, Mayor

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Zachary J. Selvey  
Zachary J. Selvey, Solicitor

**CERTIFICATE OF FISCAL OFFICER**

I, Craig Davis, the duly appointed and acting Finance Director of the City of Clyde, do hereby certify that the City of Clyde will have funds in the amount of \$1,282,500.00 through a loan from the Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolving Account and that this amount will be used to pay the local share for the **Clyde Raw Water Intake**.

I, Craig Davis, the duly appointed and acting Finance Director of the City of Clyde, do hereby certify that the City of Clyde will collect the amount of \$1,282,500.00 in the Water and/or PI Funds and that this amount will be used to repay the Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolving Account loan requested for the **Clyde Raw Water Intake** over a 30 year term.

WITNESS MY HAND this 10<sup>TH</sup> day of SEPTEMBER, 2020 at Clyde, Ohio.



Fiscal Officer

Craig Davis  
Finance Director  
City of Clyde



**CITY OF CLYDE  
CLYDE RAW WATER INTAKE**

**ENGINEER'S OPINION OF POSSIBLE CONSTRUCTION COST  
September 2020**

<b>PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST</b>					
<b>Bid Item No.</b>	<b>Item Description</b>	<b>Est. Qty.</b>	<b>Unit</b>	<b>Total Unit Cost</b>	<b>Total Cost</b>
<b>General</b>					
1	Bond & Insurance	1	LUMP	\$ 15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
2	Mobilization	1	LUMP	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00
<b>River Intake &amp; Pump Station</b>					
3	Mussel Survey and Relocation	1	LUMP	\$ 12,000.00	\$ 12,000.00
4	Cofferdam (Install and Remove)	1	LUMP	\$ 100,000.00	\$ 100,000.00
5	Intake Screen(s) Equipment	2	EACH	\$ 16,000.00	\$ 32,000.00
6	Installation of screens, concrete pad and posts	1	LUMP	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00
7	24" DIP Intake Line	225	FEET	\$ 500.00	\$ 112,500.00
8	PS Building and 10' diameter wet well	1	LUMP	\$ 640,000.00	\$ 640,000.00
9	Electrical & Mechanical Building Pump Station	1	LUMP	\$ 130,000.00	\$ 130,000.00
10	Pumps, Vertical Turbine, 2 ea. 2000 gpm	2	EACH	\$ 120,000.00	\$ 240,000.00
11	Airburst System	1	EACH	\$ 40,000.00	\$ 40,000.00
12	Control Panel	1	LUMP	\$ 25,000.00	\$ 25,000.00
13	Access Roadway	1	LUMP	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,000.00
14	Erosion Control	1	LUMP	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 3,000.00
15	Restoration	1	LUMP	\$ 10,500.00	\$ 10,500.00
<b>Construction Cost</b>					<b>\$ 1,450,000.00</b>
<b>Construction Contingencies</b>					<b>\$ 140,000.00</b>
<b>Total Probable Construction Cost</b>					<b>\$ 1,590,000.00</b>
<b>Preliminary Engineering</b>					<b>\$ 10,000.00</b>
<b>Final Design</b>					<b>\$ 64,000.00</b>
<b>Construction Administration</b>					<b>\$ 106,000.00</b>
<b>Total Project Probable Cost</b>					<b>\$ 1,770,000.00</b>

I certify the above improvements will have in excess of thirty (30) years of life expectancy.



*Peter S. Battaglia*  
 Peter S. Battaglia  
 LJB Inc.  
 35585 Curtis Blvd., Unit C  
 Eastlake, Ohio 44095



CLYDE RAW WATER INTAKE  
LOCATION MAP



Sandusky River at Proposed Intake



Beaver Creek Reservoir (Rebecca Brooks/The Messenger)

FARMLAND IMPACT STATEMENT

**Project:** Clyde Raw Water Intake  
**Location:** Green Springs, Ohio  
**Date:** September 8, 2020

There is no immediate or indirect impact on productive agricultural and grazing land resulting from this project.

 Date: 9-8-2020

Paul Fiser  
Clyde City Manager

**ORDINANCE NO. 2019-24**

**AN ORDINANCE RESCINDING CLYDE CODIFIED ORDINANCES, SECTION 933.03 WATER CHARGES AND ESTABLISHING A NEW SECTION 933.03 WATER CHARGES FOR THE CITY OF CLYDE, OHIO.**

**BE IT ORDAINED** by the Council of the City of Clyde, State of Ohio:

**SECTION 1. 933.03 WATER CHARGES**

The following rates are established for the product and services of the Clyde Water Treatment Plant and Environmental Services Water Distribution.

**INSIDE CITY LIMIT RATES:**


	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Customer charge (\$/month)</b>	6.19	6.83	7.53	8.31	9.16
<b>Commodity charge (\$/1,000 gallon)</b>					
First 3,000 gallons	7.73	8.53	9.40	10.37	11.44
3,001 to 28,000 gallons	6.19	6.83	7.53	8.31	9.16
Over 28,000 gallons	4.33	4.78	5.27	5.81	6.41
<b>Capacity charge (\$/month)</b>					
5/8"	3.10	3.42	3.77	4.16	4.59
3/4"	6.19	6.83	7.53	8.31	9.16
1"	15.48	17.07	18.83	20.77	22.91
1 1/2"	30.95	34.14	37.65	41.53	45.81
2"	77.37	85.34	94.13	103.82	114.52
3"	154.73	170.67	188.25	207.64	229.02
4"	309.47	341.35	376.50	415.28	458.06
6"	773.68	853.37	941.27	1,038.22	1,145.15
8"	1,413.72	1,559.33	1,719.94	1,897.10	2,092.50
<b>Minimum charge (\$/month) - This is the customer charge plus the capacity charge</b>					
5/8"	9.29	10.25	11.30	12.47	13.75
3/4"	12.38	13.66	15.06	16.62	18.32
1"	21.67	23.90	26.36	29.08	32.07
1 1/2"	37.14	40.97	45.18	49.84	54.97
2"	83.56	92.17	101.66	112.13	123.68
3"	160.92	177.50	195.78	215.95	238.18
4"	315.66	348.18	384.03	423.59	467.22
6"	779.87	860.20	948.80	1,046.53	1,154.31
8"	1,419.91	1,566.16	1,727.47	1,905.41	2,101.66
<b>Bulk water rate (\$/1,000 gallon)</b>	9.29	10.25	11.30	12.47	13.75

**OUTSIDE CITY LIMIT RATES:**

	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>Customer charge (\$/month)</b>	9.29	10.25	11.30	12.47	13.75
<b>Commodity charge (\$/1,000 gallon)</b>					
First 3,000 gallons	11.63	12.83	14.15	15.61	17.21
3,001 to 28,000 gallons	9.29	10.25	11.30	12.47	13.75
Over 28,000 gallons	6.50	7.17	7.91	8.72	9.62
<b>Capacity charge (\$/month)</b>					
5/8"	4.65	5.13	5.66	6.24	6.88
3/4"	9.29	10.25	11.30	12.47	13.75
1"	23.22	25.61	28.25	31.16	34.37
1 1/2"	46.42	51.20	56.47	62.29	68.71
2"	116.05	128.00	141.19	155.73	171.77
3"	232.10	256.01	282.37	311.46	343.54
4"	464.20	512.01	564.75	622.92	687.08
6"	1,159.33	1,278.74	1,410.45	1,555.73	1,715.97
8"	2,325.46	2,564.98	2,829.18	3,120.58	3,442.00
<b>Minimum charge (\$/month) - This is the customer charge plus the capacity charge</b>					
5/8"	13.94	15.38	16.96	18.71	20.63
3/4"	18.58	20.50	22.60	24.94	27.50
1"	32.51	35.86	39.55	43.63	48.12
1 1/2"	55.71	61.45	67.77	74.76	82.46
2"	125.34	138.25	152.49	168.20	185.52
3"	241.39	266.26	293.67	323.93	357.29
4"	473.49	522.26	576.05	635.39	700.83
6"	1,168.62	1,288.99	1,421.75	1,568.20	1,729.72
8"	2,334.75	2,575.23	2,840.48	3,133.05	3,455.75
<b>Bulk water rate (\$/1,000 gallon)</b>	9.29	10.25	11.30	12.47	13.75
<b>Green Springs</b>					
Water recovery rate (\$/1,000 gallon)	4.63	5.11	5.63	6.21	6.85
Operation recovery rate (\$/1,000 gallon)	0.23	0.25	0.28	0.31	0.34
Debt recovery per 2002 Water Agreement between City of Clyde & Village of Green Springs					

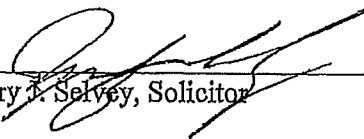
SECTION 2. That this Ordinance shall take effect and be in force at the earliest period allowed by law.

PASSED: 5-21-19

  
G. Scott Black, Mayor

ATTEST: Janet R. Dickman  
Clerk of Council

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

  
Zachary T. Selvey, Solicitor

# Fremont News Messenger.

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## **NEWS**

# **Clyde prepares to install water line from Sandusky River, increase rates**

**Rebecca Brooks** Reporter

Published 7:00 a.m. ET Jun. 7, 2019 | Updated 11:11 a.m. ET Jun. 7, 2019

CLYDE - City residents and businesses will see an increase in their water bills beginning in September and a portion of the rate hike will pay for a planned \$4.5 million raw waterline to the Sandusky River.

City leaders are moving forward with plans to install a 6.5-mile raw water line between Clyde's Beaver Creek Reservoir in Adams Township and the Sandusky River at Old Fort, near the County Road 34 bridge.

City Finance Director Craig Davis said the rate increase for using the minimum charge for 3,000 gallons will be going up \$2.40 a month. Davis estimated that an average family uses about 5,000 gallons a month, which translates into an increase of \$3.20 a month, city legislation indicates. The rate will continue to increase annually through 2022.

The water rate increase also will impact the Village of Green Springs, which purchases bulk water from Clyde for its residents and customers.

The increased water revenue will bring Clyde city coffers an extra \$215,000 annually over 2018 water revenues, Davis said, pointing out that Clyde residents have not had a water rate increase since 2011.

"It's only water; it's not the sewer," Davis stressed about the increase. Both he and City Water Treatment Plant Supervisor Phillip Farrar Sr. said the city also is facing expenses in the near future with needed upgrades to the water treatment plant.

"We have a facility built in 1996," Davis pointed out.

Earlier in May, city council approved hiring GGJ Engineering at \$236,000 to design plans for the raw waterline, which will run along the Seneca County Road 34 right of way from the



Sandusky River at the Old Fort Bridge to the Beaver Creek Reservoir, according to City Manager Paul Fiser.

This will give the city a second water source in the future, allowing Clyde to pump water from the river or the much smaller Beaver Creek for which the reservoir is named.

The pipe is expected to be 18-inches in diameter and run 6.5 miles between the Sandusky River and the Beaver Creek Reservoir, which is near County Road 34 and Ohio 101, south of Green Springs Village and City of Clyde.

The city's plan is to pump water from the river to fill Beaver Creek Reservoir and from there pump water to the smaller Raccoon Creek Reservoir on South Main Street in the city. That smaller reservoir directly serves the city's water treatment plant.

Fiser and Farrar explained the city began examining the need for a raw intake water line from the river over a decade ago under City Manager Dan Weaver. At the time, a public hearing was held in Old Fort concerning the impact withdrawing 1 million gallons a day would have on water flow downstream. Farrar said to calm concerns he acquired information on the Sandusky River flow during the drought and found there was ample water serving the downstream communities.

A drought situation in 2005 to 2006 and the drought of 1988 were the initial reasons city leaders began examining the need for an alternate source to fill its reservoirs.

Because of the 2008 Recession, the city did not move forward with securing river front property and installing a water line to the river.

"At that time we had 2 years of water if we didn't have another drought," Farrar explained.

"It hasn't been an issue," he added.

But in the past two years, while a drought has not been an issue for the City of Clyde, others issues have emerged.

Beaver Creek Reservoir is filled by pumping from a creek that has a much smaller watershed than the Sandusky River. This year, spring rains have kept the reservoirs full.

"When we're full, we didn't pump the whole month of April," he said.

Since 2008, the city has had to be picky about when to pump water from Beaver Creek into the big reservoir. While a future drought is always a concern, nowadays so are blue-green algae bloom (Cyanobacteria) and local economic growth, both Farrar and Fiser said.

In the past decade, the City of Clyde added the Village of Green Springs as a water and sewer customer – selling the village 2 million gallons a month.

Fiser said so far that is not much of a ripple for the Clyde system.

“We use 40 million a month,” Farrar said about overall water usage.

Still, if the city wants to expand its housing and industry, Fiser said another dependable water source is needed.

Farrar pointed out that his department has to be very selective as to when it pumps water from Beaver Creek due to farming in the region, the application of farm fertilizers and the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency regulations concerning blue-green algae.

While the public is aware of the issues of toxins that develop in Lake Erie due to certain blue-green algae, water draining from fertilized farm fields is also an issue for inland surface water like a reservoir.

“You have the same problems there,” he said. Clyde became involved with the City of Oregon in 2011 by collecting data for the Ohio EPA on algae in its reservoirs.

Farrar said despite algae growth in the reservoirs during summer months, there have been no toxin issues, and the city has met EPA standards — so far. He admitted people have been concerned about the bright green color in the reservoir in hot months, but there are various types of algae and not all produce toxins.

“Our size, you can knock it down and knock it down,” he said of adjusting treatments for algae at the reservoir and water treatment plant. Clyde has two reservoirs — Beaver Creek (692 million gallons) and in the city limits, Racoon Creek (200 million gallons).

Adding the Sandusky River water line would allow Clyde to pump water from much larger a second source and not depend on the smaller creeks.

Farrar said mixing sources would allow the city to lower chances of future algae issues.

Due to the water plant's age and expected changes in water quality requirements, Farrar and the city is planning for plant upgrades.

"We are looking at putting in mixing, aeration and power venting in all three towers to reduce total trihalomethanes (THMs) and haloacetic acids 5 (HAA5s), which is a disinfection byproduct from using chlorine. The chlorine reacts with natural organic matter in the water

to form THMs and HAA5s," Farrar said. Plans for water plant improvements are still in the works.

Meeting future water demands for Clyde's residents and businesses has been a long-term project — including more than adjusting water rates and income levels.

Fiser said efforts began a year and a half ago to get the approvals needed to move forward with the waterline to the river. Besides securing a long-term easement on the land for a pump station by the Old Fort Bridge, the city also had to acquire permits from the Army Corps of Engineers and the Ohio EPA.

Now as GGJ does the engineering on the waterline project, the city must have a freshwater mussel study conducted to determine how they may be impacted by the waterline.

As that progresses, the city will seek low-interest loans for its project at 1 percent or less through the Ohio Department of Agriculture and the Ohio Water Development Authority, according to Fiser. The city also will seek an Ohio Public Works grant, but it would only be for a fraction of the expense of this project.

"We just started down the funding path," he added. Work on the installation of the water line — the size of which will be determined by the engineering specifications — will not come until 2020 or 2021.

"I don't know if next construction season is doable or not yet," Fiser said. "It's relatively simple other than the pump station."

*rbrooks@gannett.com*

*419-334-1059*

**DISTRICT 5  
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS  
QUESTIONNAIRE  
ROUND 35**

Name of Applicant: City of Clyde

Project Title: Clyde Raw Water Intake

The following questions are to be answered for each application submitted for State Issue II SCIP, LTIP and Loan Projects. Please provide specific information using the best documentation available to you. Justification of your responses to these questions will be required if your project is selected for funding, so please provide correct and accurate responses. **Communities and Townships under 5,000 in population should also complete the Small Government Criteria.**

1. What percentage of the project in repair A= 0%, replacement B= 50%, expansion C= 50%, and new D= 0 %? (Use dollar amounts of project to figure percentages and make sure the total equals one hundred(100) percent) A+B= 50 % C+D= 50 % **ORC Reference(s):164.06(B)(1); 164.14(E)(10)**

Repair/Replacement = Repair or Replacement of public facilities owned by the government (any subdivision of the state).

New/Expansion = Replacement of privately owned wells, septic systems, private water or wastewater systems, etc.

- 2a. Existing Physical Condition of Infrastructure **ORC Reference(s):164.06(B)(2);164.14(E)(9);164.14(E)(2); 164.14(E)(8)**

<b>Points</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Examples</b>
10	Failing	Infrastructure has reached a point where it requires replacement, reconstruction or reconfiguration to fulfill its purpose	-Intersection Reconfiguration due to accident problem- Structural paving of 3.5" or greater of additional pavement - Pavement Widening to meet ODOT L&D Standards - Complete Pavement Reconstruction -Water or Sewer Line Replacement - Water or Sewer Plant Replacement - Widening graded shoulder width to ODOT L&D Standard -Complete Bridge or Culvert replacement
8	Poor	The condition is substandard and requires repair or restoration in order to return to the intended level of service and comply with current design standards. Infrastructure contains deficiency and is functioning at a diminished capacity.	-Multiple course of paving - Structural Culvert Lining - Bridge Deck Replacement - Replacement of a significant part of a water or sewer plant - Single course of paving with 25% base repair-Widening graded shoulder width to less than ODOT L&D Standard

6	Fading	The condition requires reconditioning to continue to function as originally intended.	-Single course of paving -Sewer Lining Projects -Water tower painting -Replacement of pumps, hydrants, valves, filters, etc in existing water and sewer systems-Widening aggregate berm on existing graded shoulder width
4	Fair	The condition is average, not good or poor. The infrastructure is still functioning as originally intended. Minor deficiencies exist requiring repair to continue to function as originally intended and/or to meet current design standards	
2	Good	The condition is safe and suitable to purpose. Infrastructure is functioning as originally intended, but requires minor repairs and/or upgrades to meet current design standards	
0	Excellent	The condition is new or requires no repair. Or, no supporting documentation has been submitted	

2b. Age of Infrastructure **ORC Reference(s):164.06(B)(2)**

Life	20	30	50
Project Type	Road	Wastewater and Water Treatment	Bridge/Culvert, Sanitary Sewer, Water Supply, Storm Water, Solid Waste
Points			
0	0-4 Years	0-6 Years	0-10 Years
1	5-8 Years	7-12 Years	11-20 Years
2	9-12 Years	13-18 Years	21-30 Years
3	13-16 Years	19-24 Years	31-40 Years
4	17-20 Years	25-30 Years	41-50 Years
5	20+ Years	30+ Years	50+ Years

3. Health and Safety Rating: **ORC Reference(s):164.06(B)(4),164.14(E)(1); 164.14(E)(10)**

If the proposed project is not approved what category would best represent the impact on the general health and/or public safety?

**ROADS**

Extremely Critical: Resurfacing, Restoration, Rehabilitation and Reconstruction (4R) of a Major Access Road.\*

Critical: Resurfacing, Restoration and Rehabilitation (3R) of a Major Access Road.\*

Major:	Resurfacing, Restoration, Rehabilitation and Reconstruction (4R) of a Minor Access Road.*
Moderate:	Resurfacing, Restoration and Rehabilitation (3R) of a Minor Access Road.*
Minimal:	Preventative Maintenance of a Major Access Road.
No Impact:	Preventative Maintenance of a Minor Access Road.

**Projects that have a variety of work will be scored in the LOWEST category of work contained in the Construction Estimate.**

***Road/Street Classifications:***

*Major Access Road:* Roads or streets that have a dual function of providing access to adjacent properties and providing through or connecting service between other roads.

*Minor Access Road:* Roads or streets that primarily provide access to adjacent properties without through continuity, such as cul-de-sacs or loop roads or streets.

*Preventative Maintenance:* Non Structural Pavement work such as chip sealing, cape sealing, micro-surfacing, crack sealing, etc.

\*(3R) Resurfacing, Restoration and Rehabilitation - Improvements to existing roadways, which have as their main purpose, the restoration of the physical features (pavement, curb, guardrail, etc.) without altering the original design elements. (Surface and Intermediate layer Mill and Fills, overlays with less than or equal to 3.5" of additional pavement, etc....)

\*(4R) Resurfacing, Restoration, Rehabilitation and Reconstruction - Much like 3R, except that 4R allows for the complete reconstruction of the roadway and alteration of certain design elements (i.e., lane widths, shoulder width, SSD, overlays with greater than 3.5" of additional pavement. etc.).

**BRIDGES SUFFICIENCY RATING**

Extremely Critical:	0-25, or a General Appraisal rating of 3 or less.
Critical:	27-50, or a General Appraisal rating of 4.
Major:	51-65 or a General Appraisal rating of 5 or 6.
Moderate:	66-80 or a General Appraisal rating of 7.
Minimal:	81-100 or a General Appraisal rating of more than 7.
No Impact:	Bridge on a new roadway.

**WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS**

Extremely Critical: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) orders in the form of a consent decree, findings and orders or court order. Health Department Construction Ban.

- Critical: Improvements ordered by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the form of NPDES Orders.
- Major: Replace deficient appurtenances. Update existing processes due to EPA recommendations.
- Moderate: Increase capacity to meet current needs or update processes to improve effluent quality.
- Minimal: New/Expansion project to meet a specific development proposal.
- No Impact: New/Expansion to meet future or projected needs.

#### WATER TREATMENT PLANT

- Extremely Critical: EPA orders in the form of a consent decree, findings and orders or court order.
- Critical: Improvements to meet Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Regulations and/or NPDES Orders.
- Major: Replace deficient appurtenances. Update existing processes due to EPA recommendations.
- Moderate: Increase capacity to meet current needs or update processes to improve water quality.
- Minimal: New/Expansion project to meet a specific development proposal.
- No Impact: New/Expansion to meet future or projected needs.

#### COMBINED SEWER SEPARATIONS (May be construction of either new storm or sanitary sewer as long as the result is two separate sewer systems.)

- Extremely Critical: EPA orders in the form of a consent decree, findings and orders or court order. Health Department Construction Ban.
- Critical: Separate, due to chronic backup or flooding in basements.
- Major: Separate, due to documented water quality impairment, or due to EPA recommendations.
- Moderate: Separate, due to specific development proposal within or upstream of the combined system area.
- Minimal: Separate, to conform to current design standards.
- No Impact: No positive health effect.

## STORM SEWERS

Extremely Critical:	EPA orders in the form of a consent decree, findings and orders or court order.
Critical:	Chronic flooding (structure damage).
Major:	Inadequate capacity (land damage).
Moderate:	Inadequate capacity with no associated damage.
Minimal:	New/Expansion to meet current needs.
No Impact:	New/Expansion to meet future or project needs.

## CULVERTS

Extremely Critical:	Structurally deficient or functionally obsolete. Deterioration has already caused a safety Critical: hazard to the public.
Critical:	Inadequate capacity with land damage and the existing or high probability of property damage.
Major:	Inadequate capacity (land damage).
Moderate:	Inadequate capacity with no associated damage.
Minimal:	New/Expansion to meet current needs.
No Impact:	New/Expansion to meet future or projected needs.

## SANITARY SEWERS

Extremely Critical:	EPA orders in the form of a consent decree, findings and orders or court order. Health Department Construction Ban.
Critical:	Replace, due to chronic pipe failure, chronic backup or flooding in basements. Improvements ordered by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the form of NPDES Orders.
Major:	Replace, due to inadequate capacity or infiltration, or due to EPA recommendations.
Moderate:	Rehabilitate to increase capacity to meet current needs or to reduce inflow and infiltration.
Minimal:	New/Expansion project to meet a specific development proposal.
No Impact:	New/Expansion to meet future or projected needs.

## SANITARY LIFT STATIONS AND FORCE MAINS



- Extremely Critical: Structurally deficient. Deterioration has already caused a safety/health hazard to the public, or, EPA orders in the form of a consent decree, findings and orders or court order.
- Critical: Inadequate capacity with actual or a high probability of property damage. Improvements ordered by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the form of NPDES Orders.
- Major: EPA recommendations, or, reduces a probable health and/or safety problem.
- Moderate: Rehabilitate to increase capacity to meet current needs.
- Minimal: New/Expansion to meet a specific development proposal.
- No Impact: New/Expansion to meet future or projected needs.

#### WATER PUMP STATIONS

- Extremely Critical: Structurally deficient. Deterioration has already caused a safety hazard to the public, or, EPA orders in the form of a consent decree, findings and orders or court order.
- Critical: Inadequate capacity with the inability to maintain pressure required for fire flows.
- Major: Replace due to inadequate capacity or EPA recommendations.
- Moderate: Rehabilitate to increase capacity to meet current needs.
- Minimal: New/Expansion to meet a specific development proposal.
- No Impact: New/Expansion to meet future or projected needs.

#### WATER LINES/WATER TOWERS

- Extremely Critical: Solve low water pressure or excessive incidents of main breaks in project area.
- Critical: Replace, due to deficiency such as excessive corrosion, etc.
- Major: Replace undersized water lines as upgrading process.
- Moderate: Increase capacity to meet current needs.
- Minimal: New/Expansion project to meet a specific development proposal.
- No Impact: New/Expansion to meet future or projected needs.

#### OTHER

- Extremely Critical: There is a present health and/or safety threat.

Critical: The project will provide immediate health and/or safety benefit.

Major: The project will reduce a probable health and/or safety problem.

Moderate: The project will delay a health and/or safety problem.

Minimal: A possible future health and/or safety problem mitigation.

No Impact: No health and/or safety effect.

*NOTE: Combined projects that can be rated in more than one subset may be rated in the other category at the discretion of the District 5 Executive Committee. In general, the majority of the cost or scope of the project shall determine the category under which the project will be scored.*

(Submittals without supporting documentation will receive 0 Points for this question.)

Extremely Critical \_\_\_\_, Critical \_\_\_\_, Major \_\_\_\_, Moderate X, Minimal \_\_\_\_, No Impact \_\_\_\_. Explain your answer. There are numerous times when Beaver Creek is not a viable option for raw water. In addition a drought in 1988, 2005, and 2006 reduced water available from Beaver and Raccoon Creek. The Sandusky Creek will serve as a replacement source of raw water.

(Additional narrative, charts and/or pictures should be attached to questionnaire)

4. Identify the amount of local funds that will be used on the project as a percentage of the total project cost. **ORC Reference 164.06(B)(6); ORC 164.06(B)(3)**

A.) Amount of Local Funds = \$ 1,282,500.00

B.) Total Project Cost = \$ 1,770,000.00

RATIO OF LOCAL FUNDS DIVIDED BY TOTAL PROJECT COSTS (A÷B)= 72 %

Note: Local funds should be considered funds derived from the applicant budget or loans funds to be paid back through local budget, assessments, rates or tax revenues collected by the applicant.

5. Identify the amount of other funding sources to be used on the project, excluding SCIP or LTIP Funds, as a percentage of the total project cost. **ORC Reference(s): 164.06(B)(7); 164.14(E)(4)**

Grants \_\_\_% Gifts \_\_\_%, Contributions \_\_\_%

Other \_\_\_% (explain) \_\_\_\_\_, Total \_\_\_%

Note: Grant funds and other revenues not contributed or collected through taxes by the applicant should be considered other funds. The Scope of Work for each Funding Source must be the same.

6. Total Amount of SCIP and Loan Funding Requested- An Applicant can request a grant per the categories below for points as indicated on the Priority Rating Sheet. If the Applicant is including a loan request equal to, but not exceeding 50% of the OPWC funding amounts listed below, there will be no point penalty. If loan funds requested are more than 50%, points as listed in the Priority Rating Sheet will apply. **ORC Reference(s): 164.14(E)(10); 164.06(B)(5)**

_____	\$500,001 or More
_____	\$400,001-\$500,000
_____	\$325,001-\$400,000
<u>  X  </u>	\$275,001-\$325,000
_____	\$175,001-\$275,000
_____	\$175,000 or Less

There are times when the District spends all of the grant money and has loan money remaining. When this happens, the district makes a loan offer in the amount of the requested grant to the communities that were not funded. The offers are made in the order of scoring. We need to know if you are not successful in obtaining grant dollars for your project if you would be interested in loan money:

YES   X   NO \_\_\_\_\_

(This will only be considered if you are not funded with grant money and there is remaining loan money.) Please note: if you answer "no" you will not be contacted, only if you answer "yes" will an offer be made in the event that there is loan money remaining.

7. If the proposed project is funded, will its completion directly result in the creation of permanent full-time equivalent (FTE) jobs (FTE jobs shall be defined as 35 hours/week)? Yes \_\_\_ No   X  . If yes, how many jobs within eighteen months? \_\_\_ Will the completed project retain jobs that would otherwise be permanently lost? Yes \_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_. If yes, how many jobs \_\_\_\_\_ will be created/retrained within 18 months following the completion of the improvements?

**ORC Reference(s): 164.14(E)(3);164.14(E)(10)**

(Supporting documentation in the form of letter from affected industrial or commercial enterprises that specify full time equivalent jobs that will be retained or created directly by the installation or improvement of Public infrastructure. Additional items such as; 1) newspaper articles or other media news accounts, 2) public meeting minutes, and/or 3) a letter from the County Economic Development Director or State of Ohio Economic Development Professional that alludes to the requirement for the infrastructure improvement to support the business. Submittals without supporting documentation will receive 0 points for this question.)

8. What is the total number of existing users that will directly benefit from the proposed project if completed?   2,940   (Use households served, traffic counts, etc. and explain the basis by which you arrived at your number.) **ORC Reference 164.14(E)(7); 164.06(B)(10)**

The Raw Water Intake Project, will service all households in the City of Clyde and the Village of Green Springs.

9. Economic Distress Criteria **ORC Reference 164.06(B)(8)**

What is the Local Median Household Income as a percentage of the District Median Household Income?   89.89   %. Please utilize the Economic Distress Scoring Criteria based on ACS 2013-2017 Data provided in Exhibit A.

10. Readiness to Proceed Criteria **ORC Reference 164.06(B)(9); ORC 164.14(E)(5)**

Please categorize the status of planning and design elements for the project.

- \_\_\_\_\_ Plans have not begun yet (0 Points)
- \_\_\_\_\_ Preliminary Engineering Complete (1 Point)
- X   Final Design Complete (2 Points)

11. Base Score Total for Questions 1-10=   72  

12. County Subcommittee Priority Points= \_\_\_\_\_  
(25-20-15 Points for each of the SCIP and LTIP Project Categories)

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13. **DISCRETIONARY POINTS (BY DISTRICT COMMITTEE ONLY)**

13a. A **District Discretionary Point** may be awarded to projects that demonstrate significant Area-wide, County, or Community Impact. (Include documentation to support the claim of significance)  
(Maximum of 1 Point at the discretion of the District Executive Committee) \_\_\_\_\_

**ORC Reference 164.14(E)(7)**

13b. A **District Discretionary Point** may be awarded to projects that demonstrate that the entity has maximized local financial resources including assessments. Provide a Fund Status Report and/or the water and sanitary waste utility rate structures are at least 2.5% of area median household income for combined systems and 1.5% of the area median household income for water and sanitary only systems. Please provide rate ordinances for water and sanitary sewer to be considered for discretionary points. (Maximum of 1 Point at the discretion of the District 5 Executive Committee) \_\_\_\_\_ **ORC Reference 164.06(B)(3)**

14. **Grand Total of Points** \_\_\_\_\_

15. Is subdivision's population less than 5,000 Yes      No   X        If yes, continue. You may want to design your project per Small Government Project Evaluation Criteria, released for the current OPWC Round to assist in evaluating your project for potential Small Government Funding. The Small Government Criteria is available on the OPWC website at

<https://www.pwc.ohio.gov/Portals/0/Data/SmallGovernment%20Round%2035%20Methodology.pdf?ver=2019-08-07-071749-143>

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16. **OHIO PUBLIC WORKS COMMISSION SMALL GOVERNMENT PROGRAM GUIDELINES**

All projects that are sponsored by a subdivision with a population of 5,000 or less, and not earning enough points for District Funding from SCIP or LTIP Funds, are then rated using the Small

Government Program Rating Criteria for the corresponding funding round. In order to be rated the entity must submit the Small Government Supplement and their required budgets with their application. **Only infrastructure that is village- or township- owned is eligible for assistance.** The following policies have been adopted by the Small Government Commission:

- District Integrating Committees may submit up to seven (7) applications for consideration by the Commission. All 7 must be ranked, however, only the top five (5) will be scored. The remaining two (2) will be held as contingency projects should an application be withdrawn.
- Grants are limited to \$500,000. Any assistance above that amount must be in the form of a loan.
- Grants for new or expanded infrastructure cannot exceed 50% of the project estimate.
- The Commission may deny funding for water and sewer systems that are deemed to be more cost-effective if regionalized.
- If a water or sewer project is determined to be affordable, the project will be offered a loan rather than a grant. Pay special attention to the **Water & Wastewater Affordability Supplemental and the Small Government Water & Wastewater Affordability Calculation Worksheet. Both are available on the Small Government Program Tab at <https://www.pwc.ohio.gov/Programs/Infrastructure-Programs/Small-Government>**
- Should there be more projects that meet the “annual score” than there is funding, the tie breaker is those projects which scored highest under Health & Safety, with the second tie breaker being Condition. If multiple projects have equivalent Health & Safety and Condition scores they are arranged according to the amount of assistance from low to high. Once the funded projects are announced, “contingency projects” may be funded from project under-runs by continuing down the approved project list.
- Supplemental assistance is not provided to projects previously funded by the Commission.
- Applicants have 30 days from receipt of application by OPWC without exception to provide additional documentation to make the application more competitive under the Small Government criteria. Applications will be scored after the 30-day period has expired. The applicants for each District's two (2) contingency projects will have the same 30-day period to submit supplemental information but these applications will not be scored unless necessary to do so. **It is each applicant's responsibility for determining the need for supplemental material. The applicant will not be asked for or notified of missing information unless the Commission has changed the project type and it affects the documentation required. Important information may include, but is not limited to: age of infrastructure, traffic counts or utility users, median income information, user rates ordinances, and the Auditor's Certificate of Estimated Revenues or documentation from the Auditor of State that subdivision is in a state of fiscal emergency.**

If you desire to have your Round 35 project considered for Small Government Funding please download the Small Government Evaluation Criteria applicable to Round 35 by accessing the OPWC Website at

<https://www.pwc.ohio.gov/Portals/0/Data/SmallGovernment%20Round%2035%20Methodology.pdf?ver=2019-08-07-071749-143>

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Please complete the Small Government Evaluation Criteria and attach all required supporting documentation and attach it to the District 5 Questionnaire for Round 35.

Date: 9-10-2020

Signature: Paul Fiser

Title: City Manager

Address: 222 North Main Street, Clyde, Ohio 43410

Phone: 419-547-6898

FAX: N/A

Email: pfiser@clydeohio.org

DISTRICT 5 Capital Improvement Project Priority Rating Sheet, Round 35															
COUNTY: Sandusky PROJECT: Clyde Raw Water Intake EST. COST: \$1,770,000.00										PROJECT NUMBER					
No.	'A' WEIGHT FACTOR	'B' CRITERIA TO BE CONSIDERED	'B' PRIORITY FACTORS					'A' x 'B'	PRIORITY FACTORS						No.
			0	2	4	8	10		0	2	4	6	8	10	
1	1	(REPAIR OR REPLACE) vs. (NEW OR EXPANSION)			✓			4	0%+	20%+	40%+	60%+	80%+	100%+	1
									Repair or Replacement	Repair or Replacement	Repair or Replacement	Repair or Replacement	Repair or Replacement	Repair or Replacement	
2A	1	EXISTING PHYSICAL CONDITION Please refer to Criteria #2 of the Round 35 Scoring Methodology. Must submit substantiating documentation. (100% New or Expansion = 0 Points)			✓			6	Excellent	Good	Fair	Fairing	Poor	Failing	2A
2B	1	AGE					✓	5	0	1	2	3	4	5	
									Road	0-4 Yrs	5-8 Yrs	9-12 Yrs	13-16 Yrs	17-20 Yrs	20+ Yrs
									Wastewater	0-5 Yrs	7-12 Yrs	13-18 Yrs	19-24 Yrs	25-30 Yrs	30+ Yrs
									Bridge/Culvert						
									Sanitary Sewer, Water Supply, Storm Water, Solid Waste	0-10 Yrs	11-20 Yrs	21-30 Yrs	31-40 Yrs	41-50 Yrs	50+ Yrs
3	2	PUBLIC HEALTH AND/OR SAFETY CONCERNS Submittals without supporting documentation will receive 0 points for this question.			✓			8	No Impact	Minimal	Moderate	Major	Critical	Extremely Critical	3
4	2	LOCAL MATCHING FUNDS Percentage of Local Share (Local funds are funds derived from the applicant budget or a loan to be paid back through the applicant budget, assessments, rates or tax revenues)*					✓	20	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	4
5	1	OTHER FUNDING (Excluding Issue # Funds) (Grants and other revenues not contributed or collected through taxes by the applicant, including GAs, Contributions, etc. - must submit copy of award or status letter.)			✓			0	0%	10%	20%	30%	40%	50%	5
6	2	OPWC GRANT AND LOAN FUNDS REQUESTED Please refer to Criteria #6 of the Round 35 Methodology for clarification.													6
		Grant or Loan Only	-9	-8	0	8	9	10	16						6
		Grant/Loan Combination	-9	-8	0	8	9	10	16	\$500,001 or more	\$400,001 to \$500,000	\$325,001 to \$400,000	\$275,001 to \$325,000	\$175,001 to \$275,000	\$175,000 or less
										\$750,000 or more	\$600,001 to \$750,000	\$487,501 to \$600,000	\$412,501 to \$487,500	\$262,501 to \$412,500	\$262,500 or less
										When scoring a project that is only grant or loan. Please use the chart labeled "Grant or Loan Only". When scoring a grant/loan combination, score the project for the grant in the first chart, then use the second chart labeled "Grant/Loan Combination" to score the total (grant and loan combined). Use the lower of the two as the score.					
7	1	JOB CREATION/RETENTION Indicate full time equivalent jobs, include supporting documentation in the form of a commitment letter from business or third party entity.			✓			0	0-6 Jobs	7-14 Jobs	15-24 Jobs	25+ Jobs			7
8	1	BENEFIT TO EXISTING USERS (households or traffic counts) equivalent owning unit direct connections. Traffic Counts within two years with certified documentation, etc.					✓	10	0-99 Users	100-349 Users	350-499 Users	500-749 Users	750-1000 Users	1000+ Users	8
9	1	ECONOMIC DISTRESS Local MHI as a percentage of the District Median MHI			✓			1	100%+	80%-100%	Less Than 80%				9
10	1	READINESS TO PROCEED			✓			2	Plans Not Begun Yet	Preliminary Engineering Complete	Final Design Complete				10
11		SUBTOTAL RANKING POINTS (MAX = 115)						72	Other Info: Does this project have a significant impact on productive farmland? YES <input type="radio"/> NO <input checked="" type="radio"/> Attach impact statement if yes. Is the Applicant ready to proceed to bids after State Approval within 6 months? YES <input type="radio"/> NO <input checked="" type="radio"/>						
12		COUNTY SUBCOMMITTEE PRIORITY POINTS (25-28-15)													
13A		DISCRETIONARY POINTS (BY DISTRICT ONLY) (MAX=1)							District Discretionary Point may be awarded to projects that demonstrate significant Area-wide, County, or Community Impact. Include documentation to support the claim of significance.						
13B		DISCRETIONARY POINTS (BY DISTRICT ONLY) (MAX=1)							District Discretionary Point may be awarded to projects that demonstrate that the entity has maximized financial resources including assessments and utility rate structure.						
14		GRAND TOTAL RANKING POINTS													

\* Applicants must certify local and other share contributions. Specify, all funding sources to be utilized as local share at the time of application submittal.